English Tenses

KRISHNA KUMAR T.G.T (ENGLISH) KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA JAWAHARNAGAR English has 16 verb tenses and aspect combinations:

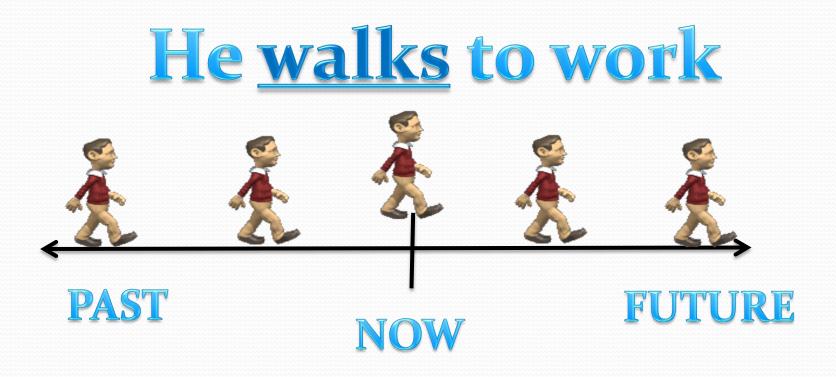
Tense: It indicates time (past, present)

Aspect: It indicates habit, repetition, duration, and completion within a specific time) (has /have / -ing)

Present simple	Past perfect progressive	Past progressive
Present progressive	Future simple	subjunctive
Present perfect	Future progressive	Past unreal
Present perfect progressive	Future perfect	Present unreal
Past simple Past perfect	Future perfect progressive	Mixed unreal (present – past)
Tast perfect		

Present Simple

Refers to actions that are generally true or habitual



Present simple

□ I **eat** an apple a day. The government builds new hospitals every 5 years. Water consists of hydrogen and oxygen. He **is** an engineer. □ I **study** for two hours every night.

• <u>Key time words:</u>

- Always, often, usually, regularly, often, everyday, rarely, scarcely, (once, twice, three times a day, a week, a month, a year), daily, weekly, monthly, yearly.
- General facts.

Present Progressive am/is/are + V-ing

Indicates an action that is taking place at the moment of speaking



Present progressive

1- Please don't make so much noise. I **am studying.**

- 2- They **are racing** right now.
- 3- He **is examining** the clues in the crime scene.
- 4- John **is sleeping** right now.
- 5- Let's go out now. It **isn't raining** anymore.
- 6- I **am going** shopping **next** Thursday.

Present Progressive

• <u>Key words / phrases:</u>

- Now, right now, at the moment, (this week, month, semester, term, season, year), today, look, listen, be careful, be quiet, shhh,
- The context

Task 1: Present Simple / continuous

1. Every Monday, Sally (drive) ------ her kids to football practice.

• drives

- 2. Usually, I (work) ------ as a secretary at ABT, but this summer I (study) ------ French at a language school in Paris. That is why I am in Paris.
- Work / am studying

3. Shhhhh! Be quiet! John (sleep) -----is sleeping

4. Don't forget to take your umbrella. It (rain) ------

• is raining

5. I hate living in Seattle because it (rain, always) ----

• always rains

6. I'm sorry I can't hear what you (say)---- because everybody (talk) ----- so loudly.

are saying / is talking.

7. Justin (write, currently) -----a book about his adventures in Tibet. I hope he can find a good publisher when he is finished.

is currently writing

8. Jim: Do you want to come over for dinner tonight? Denise: Oh, I'm sorry, I can't. I (go) ------ to a movie tonight with some friends.

• am going

9- Listen. Some people (shout) ------ at each other.

• are shouting

- 10- Mr. Brown (donate / usually) ------ a lot of money for charitable organization.
- Usually donates



 Indicates an action that took place before now, and has no real connection with the current time

He walked to school







The bird flew to Adam's house









Past Simple

• <u>Regular verbs:</u>

- 1- The teacher **explained** the lesson **yesterday**.
- 2- We **invited** them to our party **three days ago**.
- 3- The police stopped me on my way last night.
- <u>Irregular verbs:</u>
- 1- We all **left** the party at 11:00.
- 3- This house **cost** \$75,000 in 1980.

You will often find the past simple used with time expressions such as these:

- 1. Yesterday
- 2. three weeks ago
- 3. last year
- 4. in 2002
- 5. from March to June (past months)
- 6. for a long time
- 7. for 6 weeks
- 8. in the 1980s
- 9. in the last century
- 10. in the past

Negative form:

- 1- They travelled abroad last week. They <u>didn't travel</u> abroad last week.
- 2- They taught us some Spanish expressions. They <u>didn't teach</u> us any Spanish expressions.

• Yes / no questions:

- Did you leave early last time?
- Did they finish their project in 2009?
- Was the food delicious?
- Were they sick last week?

Wh questions:

- When did you leave last week?
- What did they buy yesterday?
- How did you travel abroad?
- Why was Ahmed absent ?
- Where were they?

Past Progressive Was/were + V-ing

իկրդելերը Իկտուհուտան

PAST

 It indicates an action in the past that is longer in duration than another one in the past

He was walking when it started to rain

JRE

Past continuous

1- They were playing tennis yesterday at 10.30.

- 2- a. Dan was cooking dinner.b. Dan cooked dinner.
- 3- It **was raining** when I got up. While I **was reading**, the electricity went off.
- 4- a. When Helen arrived, we were having dinner.
 - b. When Helen **arrived**, we **had** dinner.

Task 2: Past simple or past continuous

- 1. Marvin (come) ------home, (switch) ----on the computer and (check) ------his emails.
- came / switched / checked
- 2. The thief (sneak) into the house, (steal) the jewels and (leave) without a trace.
- sneaked / stole / left
- 3. While we (do) a sight-seeing tour, our friends (sleep) on the beach.
- were doing / slept
- 4. He (wake) up and (look) at his watch.
- woke / looked

- 5. The President (give) his speech when the news of attack (come)
- was giving / came
- 6. When the protesters (arrive), the police (attack) them.
- arrived / attacked
- 7. Israeli warplanes (fly) over Gaza City around 10am yesterday.
- were flying
- 8. People (**protest**) in the streets when soldiers (**fire**) at them.
- were protesting / fired

Task 3: edit the following sentences for verb tenses:

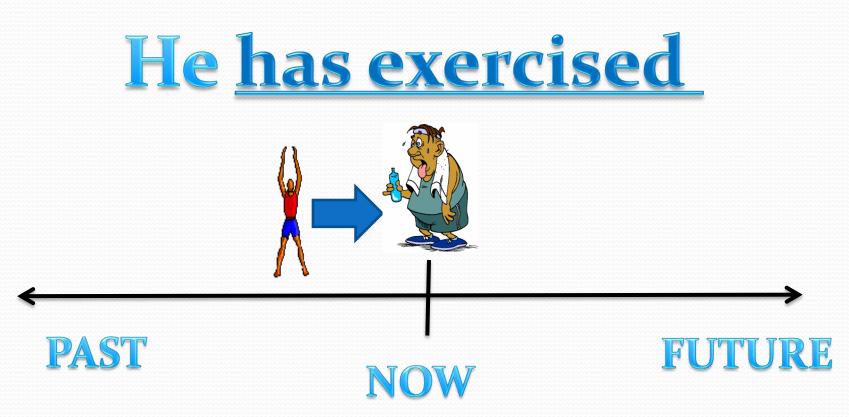
- 1. My favorite place are my living room in my house because it was a place with a lot of activity. It has a typical living room with a TV, couch, chair, coffee table, and bookshelf, but the people inside are make it special. My daughter, husband, and I are spend a lot of time there. It is the place where I is spend my weekends talking with my family, watching movies, getting the latest news, and reading. This place is make me feel warm, cozy, and relaxed, and that is why it be my favorite place to be in the whole world.
- 1. My favorite place <u>is</u> my living room in my house because it <u>is</u> a place with a lot of activity. It <u>is</u> a typical living room with a TV, couch, chair, coffee table, and bookshelf, but the people inside <u>make</u> it special. My daughter, husband, and I <u>spend</u> a lot of time there. It is the place where I <u>spend</u> my weekends talking with my family, watching movies, getting the latest news, and reading. This place <u>makes</u> me feel warm, cozy, and relaxed, and that is why it <u>is</u> my favorite place to be in the whole world.

Task 3: edit the following sentences for verb tenses:

- 2. Complaining about faulty goods or bad service are never easy.
- 3. Yesterday while they are fighting the enemy, three men died in the battle. One of their friends was trying to save them when he was receiving three deadly shots. He wasn't knowing that the soldiers were behind the near wall.
- 3. Yesterday while they <u>were fighting</u> the enemy, three men died in the battle. One of their friends was trying to save them when he <u>received</u> three deadly shots. He <u>didn't know</u> that the soldiers were behind the near wall.

Present Perfect Have/has +pp

 Indicates an action that has been completed sometime before now, with a result that affects the current situation



Present Perfect Tense

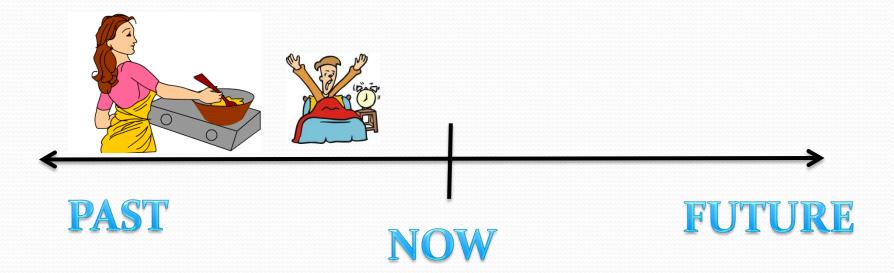
- We have just finished our activity.
- They **have already discussed** the test.
- We haven't finished our class yet.
- Have you ever been to France?
- No. I have never been to France.
- I have met many people since I worked here.
- We **haven't talked** to each other **since** January.

Task 4: correct the verbs in brackets in the following sentences:

- I (visit) _____ Egypt five times so far.
- 2. I (meet) _____ many people since I worked here.
- 3. Over 26,000 people (**die**) ______ since the outbreak of the war in Syria.
- 4. We (know) _____ him since my childhood.
- 5. We (not talk) _____ to each other since January.
- 6. Israel (**confiscate**) ______ about 30,000 dunums of Palestinian farmland since 2007.
- 7. Israeli occupation forces (attack) _____ the resistance in Gaza

Past Perfect Had +pp

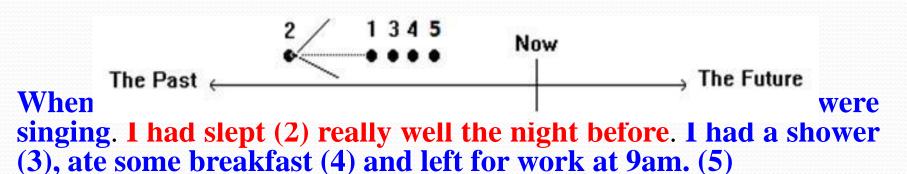
 Indicates an action in the past that had been completed before another action or event in the past (Past before past)
 My mother had cooked before I woke u



Past Perfect Simple

1.

another event in the past.



- 2. The car was speeding down the road when the accident happened. The driver <u>saw</u> what <u>had happened</u> and **stopped** his car. He **called** the police and **said** that he <u>had witnessed</u> an accident.
- 3. I woke up at 7am and left for work after I had had a shower and eaten some breakfast.

Past perfect (had + pp)

- She <u>had talked</u> to me before she <u>left</u>.
- She <u>left</u> after she <u>had talked</u> to me.
- When Ahmed <u>had arrived</u>, Jane <u>left</u>.
- They <u>were</u> angry because Tom <u>hadn't invited</u> them to the party.
- We <u>had waited</u> for him for two hours before he <u>arrived</u> yesterday.

Task 5: correct the verbs in brackets in the following sentences:

- The storm destroyed the tent that we (build).
 had built
- 2. We (sleep) for 12 hours when he woke us up.
- ✓ Had slept
- 3. The President announced his resignation after he **(consult)** with his aides.
- ✓ Had consulted
- 4. They **(be)** very tired in the evening because they had helped on the farm all day.
- ✓ were

5. My brother ate all of the cake that our mum (make).✓ Had made

6. Thousands of people (**protest**) in the streets after they had heard about the deadly attack.

✓ protested

7. They had waited at the station for 90 minutes when the train finally (**arrive**).

✓ arrived

8. The delegation (**hold**) talks with the prisoners' families before they met the President.

✓ Had held

9. When she (**go**) out to play, she had already done her homework.

✓ went

10. We (look for) her missing bag for two hours and then we found it behind the table.

✓ had looked

Task 6: Change the verbs in brackets to the past tense: simple, continuous, or perfect

- 1. While I ______(play) football I _____(hurt) my leg.
- 2. Palestinian PM Ismail Haniya (tour) _____ in Nuseirat camp last week.
- 3. 20 people (die) _____ in the fighting between Egyptian police and protesters since last month.
- 4. Israel (build) ______ new colonial settlements in the occupied West Bank.
- 5. A statement by the PLO (express) ______ support for the Syrian people yesterday.
- 6. The Saudi King returned to Saudi Arabia after he (receive) treatment in Washington.
- 7. Egypt (ease) ______ travel restrictions slightly after President's Morsi's election victory



Indicates an action that will take place after the current moment, and that has no real connection with the current time
 He will walk home







Future Simple Will + Verb

- 1. The President <u>will visit</u> Italy next week.
- 2. The voters <u>will go</u> to the polls tomorrow to elect a new president.
- 3. The Minister of Health <u>will resign</u> from post next month.
- 4. Over 10,000 people <u>will gather</u> in Gaza's main square.
- 5. Israel <u>will build</u> more Jewish settlements in Jerusalem.



